

PERFORMANCES

- Power 15 kVA on two ranges 130V and 260V
- Loaded network insulation relay
- Current regulation
- Accuracy 0.4%
- 130 ARMS at 115VRMS / 65 ARMS at 230 VRMS
- Wide bandwidth (2kHz full scale)
- Signal to Noise Ratio > 70 dB
- External Trigger
- Calibration by software
- Phase lock over a period



APPLICATIONS

- Load emulation
- Network Qualification
- Tests according to ABD100.1.8 / MIL-STD-704 / AIR2021
- Integrated power analyzer (acquisition option)
- Nonlinear loads
- Generation of harmonics



DESCRIPTION

- This linear technology load bench is suitable for many laboratory and test applications. Its excellent characteristics of accuracy, bandwidth, low distortion and immunity to the network make it appreciated for emulation applications of any type of load, qualification of avionic networks and measurement of impact on any type of current.
- The linear technology allows its use at full power for a power factor between -0.8 and -1.
- The load bench is in the form of a standard bench of width 800 mm, depth 800 mm and height 38 U (2010 mm).
- Its input connections are in the form of power bases with keying.
- Remote control using an IEEE488.2 link, optional Ethernet, allows easy integration into an automatic test system.

COMMERCIAL REFERENCE

- **PA-15000-L/130A-230V**
- **Option "PA-ACQ"** : adding a power analyzer
- **Option "PA-ETH"** : remote control on Ethernet
- **Option "PA-SR"** : custom voltage ranges

FEATURES

INPUTS	Main features	Range 130V	Range 260V
	Input type	Direct (without transformer)	Through a transformer
	Current shape	AC, AC + harmonics	
	Voltage and current (1)	Range 130V	Range 260V
	Nominal power	15 000 VA	
	Voltage AC (2) et (3)	70-130 VRMS	140-260 VRMS
	Permanent Current AC	0-130 ARMS	0-65 ARMS
	Current accuracy		
	Typical	0,1% of nominal current of the range + 0,1% of the programmed current value	
	Max	0,5% of nominal current of the range	
	Current distortion at full power		
	Max	< 0,7% à 400 Hz	
	Current regulation for mains variation of + 6% -10%		
	Max	< 0,2%	
	Residual noise		
	Signal / Noise Ratio	> 70 dB	
	Bandwidth		
	Fundamental	300 – 2000 Hz	
	Small signals (at -3 dB)	20 kHz	
	Harmonics generation	Up to 150 kHz	
	Full-scale variation time with square pilot signal		
	Rise time 10% / 90%	< 20 μ s	
	Fall time 10% / 90%	< 20 μ s	
	Synchronization with loaded network		
	Duration required	1 period	
	Frequency variation of the network	Up to 200 Hz/s (4)	
	Variation regarding temperature		
	Typical	50 ppm/°C	
	Max	100 ppm/°C	
	Stability after 15 minutes de operation		
Max	< 5.10 ⁻⁴ of nominal current		
Isolation output to case			
Measurement at 500 VDC	> 100 M Ω		

Note (1): the power is permanent for a power factor between -1 (180° phase shift between current and voltage) and -0,8 (143° phase shift between current and voltage)

Note (2): other voltage ranges on request (PA-SR option)

Note (3): “overvoltage” and “undervoltage” devices are integrated into this load:

Range 130V:

Operation only in range 70 VRMS – 130 VRMS

Range 260V:

Operation only in range 140 VRMS – 260 VRMS

Outside these ranges, the load bench is safe and does not disconnect any current.

Note (4): the continuity of the synchronization with the input network voltage is guaranteed for a frequency variation of this network less than or equal to 200 Hz / s.

FEATURES

POWER SUPPLY	Mains network	
	Number of phases	3 Phases + Earth without Neutral
	Tension entre phases	400 VRMS -10% +6%
	Frequency	47 - 63 Hz
	Input current at full load power	
	Max	40 ARMS
	Overcurrent protection	Thermal breaker
	Differential protection	Differential breaker 30mA
	Inrush current	Limited by resistors
	Dielectric strength mains input versus output connected to case	
Measurement at 1500 VRMS / 50Hz	Current < 1 mA	

MECANICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL	Dimensions and weight	
	Width	800 mm
	Height	2010 mm (38U)
	Depth	800 mm
	Weight	400 kg
	Temperature and humidity	
	Storage temperature	-10°C à +85°C
	Operating temperature	+0°C à +50°C
	Relative humidity	10% - 90% non-condensing
	Marking	
	Marking	CE
	Protection level	IP30
	Protections	
	Against overvoltage	See Note (3) page 2
Against undervoltage		
Against overheat	Power input switch off (1)	

- 1) A temperature sensor is installed on each power element. It switches off the load in case of overheat. The load must be re-activated by a local control or an external control.

OPTIONS

OPTION « PA-ACQ »

The addition of an "ACQ2" board allows the acquisition and analysis of the voltage and current at the input of this load. This option is described in the data sheet "FT-Card ACQ-EN-V1".

OPTION « PA-ETH »

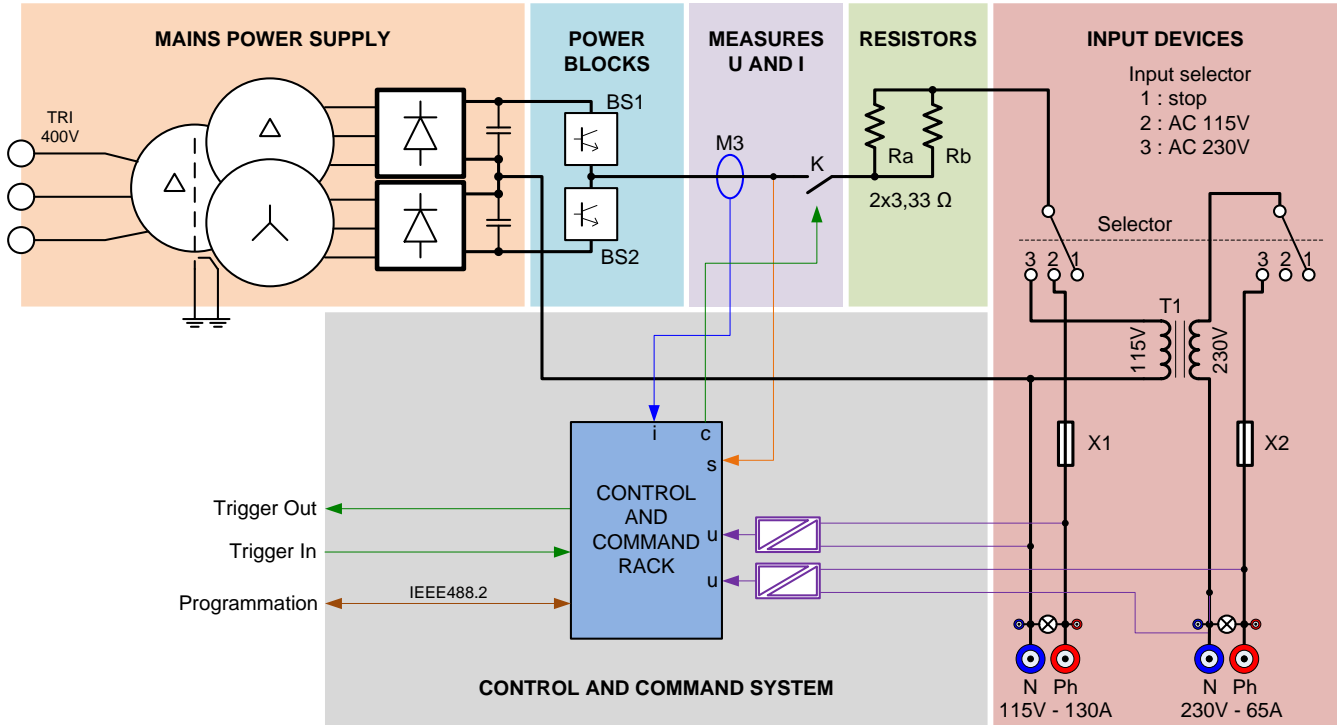
Remote control of this load is carried out via an IEEE488.2 link.

This option is the replacement of this link over a TCP-IP over Ethernet network.

OPTION « PA-SR »

If different voltages are required, this option allows you to specify new input voltage ranges for this load.

INTERNAL CONSTITUTION



The selector switch "S1" selects the desired voltage range, 130VRMS or 260 VRMS.

The trigger input "Trigger In" allows synchronization between the load bench and another test device.

The "Trigger Out" output is used to synchronize other equipment to the load bench.

The control rack receives the readbacks of the voltages of the AC inputs via isolated measuring channels. A fast Phase Locked Loop (PLL) ensures synchronization between the bench and the network to be loaded for a maximum duration of one period.

REMOTE CONTROL USING OPS SOFTWARE SUITE

The OPS software suite, developed by Power +, allows easy control of equipment.

The OPS1 software allows generation of specific waveforms.

The "SPC" library allows customizing periodic current waveforms with precise harmonic content. The amplitude and phase of each harmonic, from rank 2 to rank 500 can be programmed with a resolution of 1% and 1°.

Example of current waveform creation:

- Harmonic of rank 10 = 10%
- Harmonic of rank 20 = 10%
- Harmonic of rank 30 = 10%

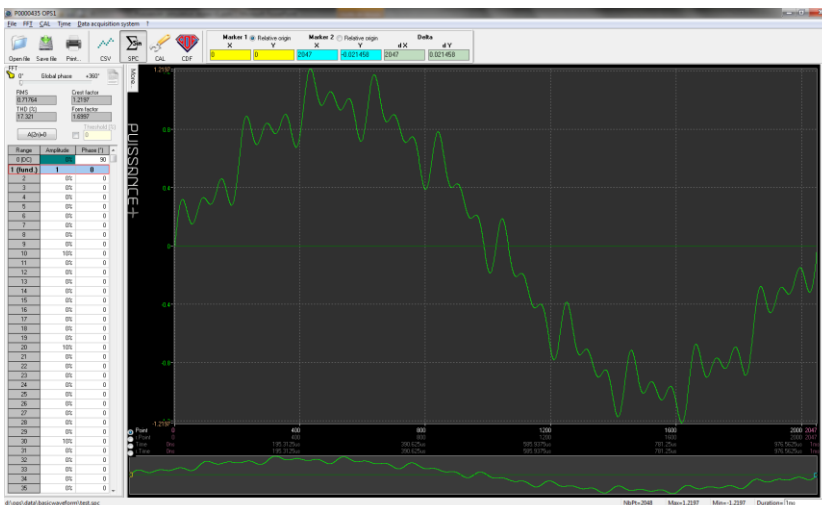
FFT

0° Global phase +360°

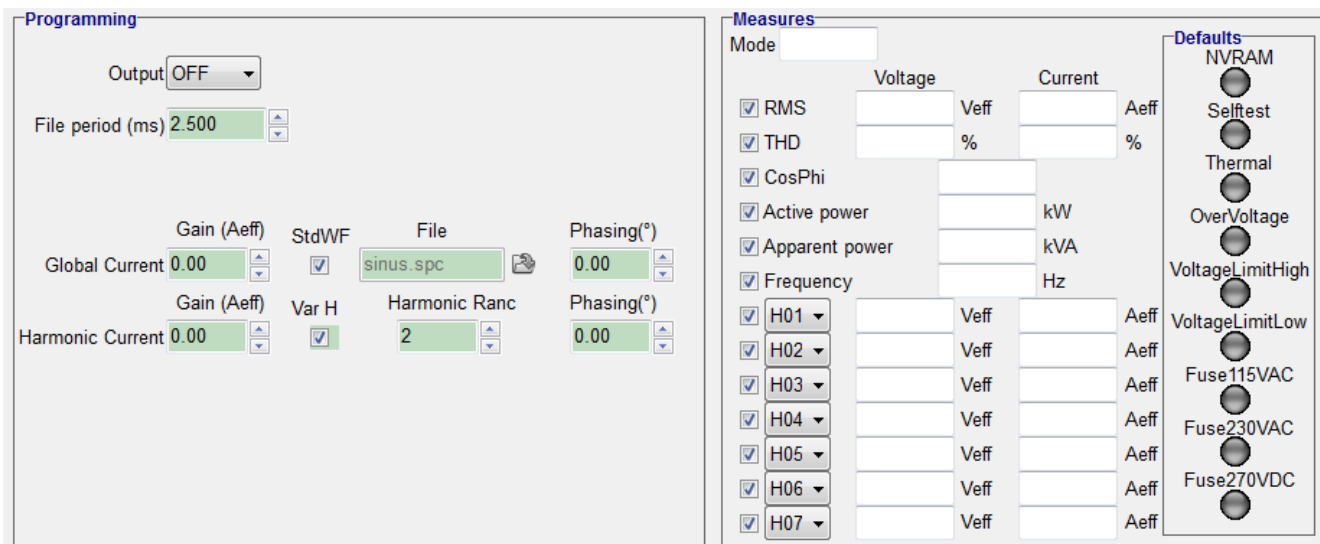
RMS 0.71764 Crest factor 1.2197
THD [%] 17.321 Form factor 1.6997

A(2n)=0 Threshold [%] 0

Range	Amplitude	Phase [°]
0 (DC)	0%	90
1 (fund.)	1	0
2	0%	0
3	0%	0
4	0%	0
5	0%	0
6	0%	0
7	0%	0
8	0%	0
9	0%	0
10	10%	0
11	0%	0
12	0%	0
13	0%	0
14	0%	0
15	0%	0
16	0%	0
17	0%	0
18	0%	0
19	0%	0
20	10%	0
21	0%	0
22	0%	0
23	0%	0
24	0%	0
25	0%	0
26	0%	0
27	0%	0
28	0%	0
29	0%	0
30	10%	0
31	0%	0
32	0%	0
33	0%	0
34	0%	0
35	0%	0



The OPS3 software communicates with the load bench using an IEEE488-2 link.



The screenshot displays the OPS3 software interface, divided into three main sections:

- Programming:**
 - Output: OFF
 - File period (ms): 2.500
 - Global Current: 0.00 (Gain (Aeff), StdWF checked, File: sinus.spc, Phasing(°): 0.00)
 - Harmonic Current: 0.00 (Gain (Aeff), Var H checked, Harmonic Ranc: 2, Phasing(°): 0.00)
- Measures:**
 - Mode: [Empty]
 - Table with columns: Voltage, Current, Aeff, Veff, %
 - Checked items: RMS, THD, CosPhi, Active power, Apparent power, Frequency, H01-H07.
- Defaults:**
 - NVRAM, Selftest, Thermal, OverVoltage, VoltageLimitHigh, VoltageLimitLow, Fuse115VAC, Fuse230VAC, Fuse270VDC.

The OPS3 software allows to send simple commands (ON / OFF, maximum current).

It allows reading and displaying the status of the bench as well as the voltage and current measurements made by the power analyzer:

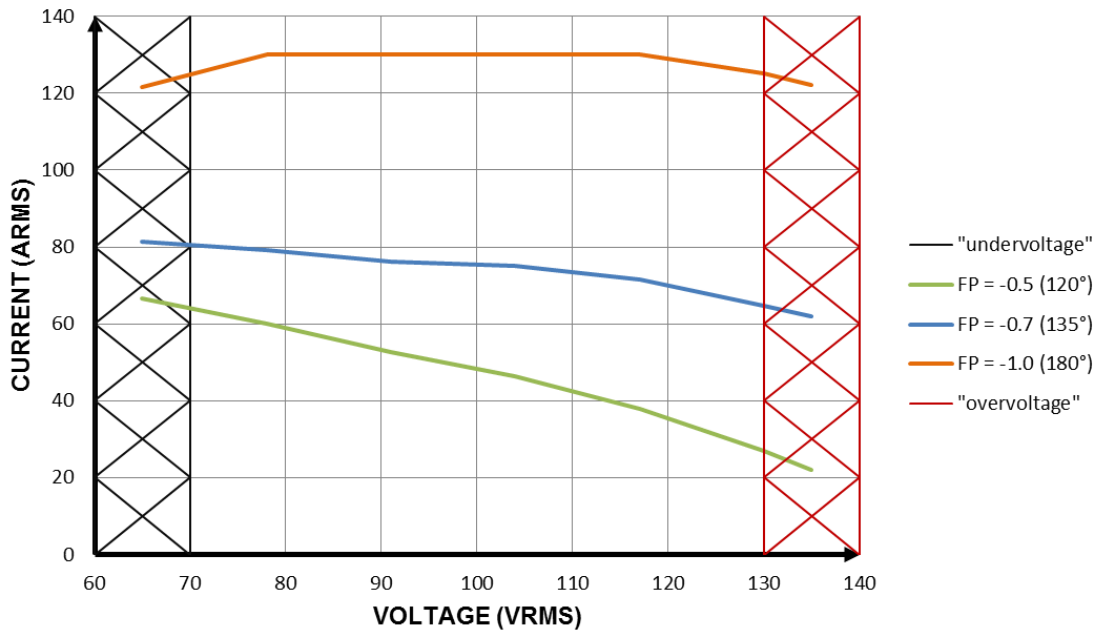
- RMS values,
- Total harmonic distortion,
- Power factor,
- Power,
- Frequency,
- Amplitude of the harmonics of the voltage and current from rank 1 to rank 32.

CONTINUOUS OPERATION

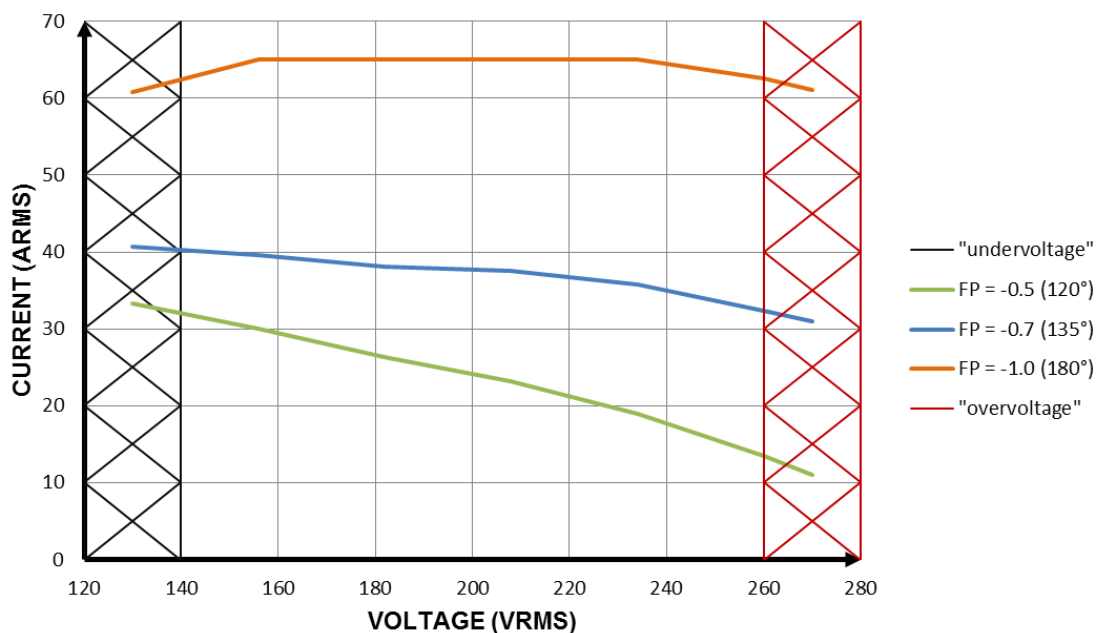
These diagrams express the relationship between current and voltage for a power factor of -1, -0.7 and -0.5. Hatched areas are the non-operating zones due to the "undervoltage" and "overvoltage" protections.

Permanent operation is allowed "below curves". The limitations are due to the heating limit of the power transistors.

Permanent operation range 130V



Permanent operation range 260V



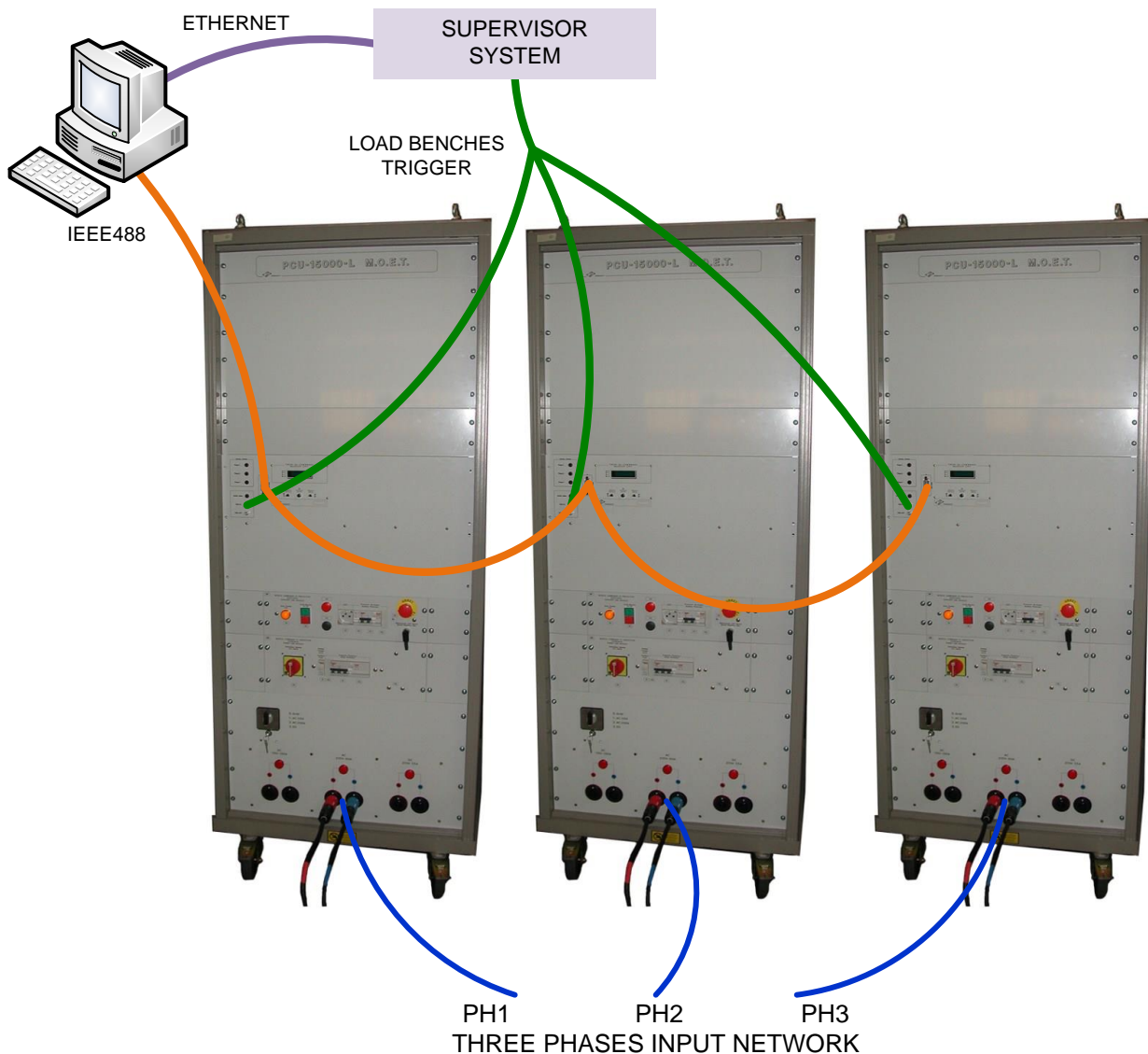
CONSTITUTION OF A THREE PHASES SYSTEM

It is possible to control several load benches simultaneously associated with a supervision system.

The monitoring system, which can be integrated into the PC, ensures timing by managing the trigger inputs and outputs.

The OPS3 software installed on the PC configures each load bench: current, waveform ...

Example of a set of three load banks constituting a three-phase load system.



Specification subject to change without notice.